



**Mobile
Molecular
Imaging**

PROCEDURE CONSENT FORM

Your doctor has ordered a Radiographic procedure. For this exam you will lie on your back or on your stomach and be placed within the scanner opening. The scanner opening is very wide and you will not feel confined within the space. The scanner makes very little noise. During the scan it is important for you to hold as still as possible because motion makes the scans blurry.

PET / CT: This procedure will require that a small intravenous catheter be placed in your arm to administer a Radioactive Isotope. This Isotope is made up of Glucose (sugar) which is a natural component found in your body. This Isotope does not produce allergic reactions. Your kidneys will filter this isotope out of your system. It will not change the color of your urine.

PET/ CT Bone Scan - Na F-18 Sodium Fluoride ☉ This procedure will require that a small intravenous catheter be placed in your arm to administer a Radioactive Isotope. This Isotope is sodium fluoride F-18 or Na F. The Isotope does not produce allergic reaction. The Na F-18 Radioactive Isotope attaches only to your bones. It shows the differences between healthy and diseased bone. Your kidneys will filter this isotope out of your system. It will not change the color of your urine.

CT Computerized Tomography: CT scans use radiation. We try to reduce the exposure of patients to radiation at all times. The amount of radiation to which you will be exposed is higher than a typical x-ray; the risk of harmful effects from a single exam is very small. **If you are pregnant, we would not want to expose you to such radiation unnecessarily. If you are or could be pregnant please let us know immediately.**

This procedure **may** require you to be injected with an Intravenous Contrast media. If your procedure requires this contrast, a small intravenous catheter will be placed in your arm. You may feel a warm sensation during the injection. You may have a metallic taste during the injection. There is a risk of an allergic reaction, which can usually be treated with medication. Your kidneys filter this contrast out of your system. It will not change the color of your urine.

*CT of the "Sinus" **does not** require the Intravenous Contrast Media*

Patient Signature / Guardian

Date

Time

Witness